

# STAT INFO



8 October 2019

# Balance of payments – France • August 2019

## The current account deteriorated in August

The current account recorded a deficit of 2.5 billion euros in August 2019 (working day and seasonally adjusted), compared with a deficit of 0.3 billion in July. This deterioration was notably driven by the inversion of the balance of goods excluding energy, from a surplus of 0.8 billion to a deficit of 0.6 billion. The energy bill also went up by 0.4 billion, from 3.5 billion to 3.9 billion. The surplus in services decreased from 2.2 billion to 1.7 billion.

In the financial account (non-seasonally adjusted), inflows exceeded outflows by 5.1 billion euros. Net inflows were mainly observed in portfolio investments, for 14.9 billion euros.

France	's ba	lance	of	pay	ments

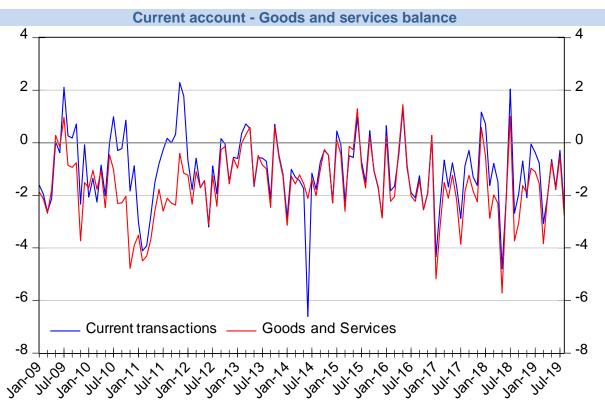
(EUR billions)	2017 (a)	2018 (a)	Jul-19 (b)	Aug-19 (b)
Current account (seasonally and working-day adjusted)	-16.4	-15.1	-0.3	-2.5
Goods (1)	-45.2	-49.3	-2.7	-4.5
Energy	-37.4	-43.7	-3.5	-3.9
Goods excl. Energy	-7.8	-5.6	0.8	-0.6
Services	20.2	23.8	2.2	1.7
Travel	14.2	14.9	1.1	1.1
Transport services	-2.9	-4.6	-0.1	-0.3
Professional and management consulting services, research and development and Technical services , traderelated and other business services	4.1	7.2	0.5	0.5
Other services (2)	4.8	6.2	0.6	0.3
Primary and secondary income (3)	8.6	10.3	0.2	0.3
Capital account (not adjusted)	0.3	2.1	0.0	0.3
Financial account (not adjusted)	-31.0	-27.3	-13.3	-5.1
Direct investment	10.2	55.2	2.0	-1.6
- Abroad	44.7	106.6	3.5	0.2
- In France	34.5	51.4	1.5	1.8
Portfolio investment	23.6	-5.0	-43.9	-14.9
- Assets	53.6	19.2	-11.9	-8.3
- Liabilities	30.0	24.2	32.0	6.6
Financial derivatives	-1.2	-25.9	5.2	-5.4
Loans and deposits (4)	-60.5	-62.0	18.6	16.0
Reserve assets	-3.0	10.4	4.8	0.8
Net errors and omissions	-14.9	-14.3	-14.5	-0.6

a) Annual report 2018 data (b) Provisional data (1) to (4) See methodological notes on page 2.

Source and production: BANQUE DE FRANCE - DGSEI







### Methodological notes relating to pages 1 and 3

- (1) Data on trade in goods are FOB-FOB values, which means without cost, insurance and freight. This expenditure is recorded in the services item. Exchanges of goods cover General merchandise published by the Directorate General of Customs and Excise (DGDDI) on one side, merchanting and methodological adjustments calculated by the Banque de France, on the other side. In order to ensure the comparability of French balance of payments with those of other countries and conformity with the international standards, the international standard for Balance of Payments statistics is released under the aegis of the International Monetary Fund. The key concept for the balance of payments is the concept of economic ownership which is consistent with the national accounts.
- (2) Services other than travel (tourism and professional travels), transport services, professional and management consulting services, R&D and development and technical services, trade-related and other business services include manufacturing, maintenance and repair, construction, insurance and pension services, financial services, charges for the use of intellectual property, telecommunication, computer and information services, personal, cultural and recreational services and government goods and services.
- (3) Income includes primary and secondary incomes. Primary income refers to the flows received by economic agents for their participation in the production process ("compensation of employees") or for the provision of financial assets ("investment income") or for the rental of natural resources ("rent"). Taxes and subsidies on products and production are also included in primary income. Secondary income records current transfers between residents and non-residents. A transfer is a transaction that involves the provision of a good, service, financial asset or another non-produced asset without receiving something of economic value
- (4) The "other investment" (loans and deposits) component of the financial account includes all transactions in financial assets and liabilities with non-residents that do not concern direct investment, portfolio investment, financial derivatives or reserve assets. In practice, this mainly concerns bank deposits and interbank lending, as well as loans and deposits made by insurance companies and all kinds of investment companies and funds.

On the Banque de France website a detailed methodological note on balance of payments and international investment position can be found. Highlights on specific topics are also available:

- foreign direct investments (English and French),
- remittances (French),
- international tourism in France (French),
- international banking activity (English and French),
- banks foreign establishment (French),
- net foreign assets (English and French).

















### **Revisions Q2 2019**

Not seasonally adjusted, EUR billions

Not seasonally adjusted, EUR billions	Current publications	Previous publications	Revisions
	(a)	(b)	(a-b)
	Q2	Q2	Q2
Current account	-3.9	-2.8	-1.1
Goods (1)	-8.5	-8.9	0.4
Energy	-10.8	-10.9	0.1
Goods excl. Energy	2.3	2.0	0.3
Services	6.2	8.0	-1.8
Travel	4.1	4.9	-0.8
Transport services Professional and management consulting services,	-0.8	-0.7	-0.1
research and development and Technical services , trade- related and other business services	1.8	1.7	0.1
Other services (2)	1.2	2.1	-0.9
Primary and secondary income (3)	-1.7	-1.9	0.2
Capital account	0.3	0.3	0.0
Financial account	-17.1	9.7	-26.8
Direct investment	-6.0	5.3	-11.3
- Abroad	18.2	14.2	4.0
- In France	24.2	9.0	15.2
Portfolio investment	11.8	42.9	-31.1
- Assets	63.2	59.9	3.3
- Liabilities	51.4	17.0	34.4
Financial derivatives	0.1	-0.8	0.9
Loans and deposits (4)	-24.4	-39.0	14.6
Reserve assets	1.4	1.4	0.0
Net errors and omissions	-13.5	12.2	-25.7